Indochina's Viet Minh Overprints 1945-1950

At the close of World War II, the Viet Nam Independence League (Viet Nam Doc Lap Dong Minh Hoi), made up of various nationalistic groups, had political control of all of Tonkin and parts of Annam and Cochinchina. A provisional government in Hanoi with Ho Chi Minh as president gave way to the establishment of the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam on 2 September 1945. The infant government survived largely because the Chinese Nationalist Army occupation force, which was stationed above the 16th parallel to disarm Japanese troops, tolerated it.

The restoration of French military strength (the first soldiers arrived in Saigon on 21September 1945) signaled French intentions of reclaiming their authority over Indochina. With the withdrawal of the Chinese in March 1946 negotiations with the Vietnamese began in earnest but the positions of mother country and nationalistic colony were irreconcilable. On 8 November 1946, the National Assembly of the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam adopted a constitution that asserted the unity of North, Central and Southern Viet Nam. Guerrilla clashes escalated to open warfare thus signaling the onset of the First Indochinese War.

Large stocks of stamps were available to the Viet Minh, which they overprinted to obliterate the hated French portraits and inscriptions. In all, 52 values of the wartime Hanoi printings and one Paris print were overprinted. The stamps of Indochina were overprinted by the Viet Minh at the Taupin printing house (Imprimerie Taupin) in Hanoi. The name of the printing house was changed after the August Revolution (19 September 1945) from Taupin to Viet Nam An Thu Cuc.

The stamps appeared throughout the 1945-46 era and remained in use for several years in regions controlled the Viet Minh. Although the earliest known genuine cancellations are 21 December 1945, precise dating of the issues is, as yet, impossible. Lacking a chronological basis, the stamps here are grouped by the type of overprint. Different denominations appear in the overprints. Increases in postal surcharges due to inflation caused changes of currency units from piasters to dongs to haos (a common subterfuge used by governments to disguise inflation).

Indochinese stamps of the World War II Vichy era were printed under trying conditions resulting in variations in the paper, inks, perforations, etc. The stamps of Indochina were then overprinted by the Viet Minh government using worn machinery in sub-optimal conditions, resulting in a further array of overprint varieties. Examples of both types of varieties are demonstrated in this exhibit.

All the overprints were genuinely used only in areas north of the 16th parallel (the area completely controlled by the Viet-Minh), and in all probability, only in larger cities. The postwar period 1945-1946 was a time of relatively little communication activity. Small amounts of letters were actually mailed. Official mail was sent post-free, and this type of mail constituted most of the written communication.

VIET-NAM DAN-CHU CONG-HOA Democratic Republic of Viet-Nam

Sports and Youth





Alexandre Yersin





Black Overprint

Alexandre de Rhodes





Green Overprint

Sports and Youth Varieties



Light Shade



Dark Shade

Yersin Varieties



Ascending Overprints



Perforated 12 x 12



Yellow Paper

Postmarks Yersin





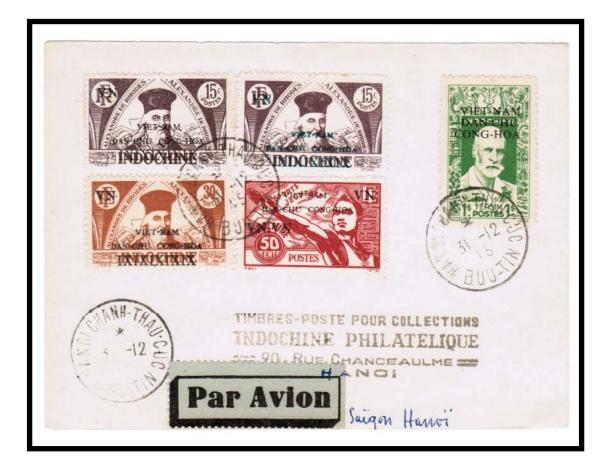
Sports and Youth





VIET-NAM DAN-CHU CONG-HOA Combination Usage

On the last day of 1945, five different stamps overprinted "VIET-NAM DAN-CHU CONG-HOA" were favor cancelled on this card made from the backside of ledger paper.



POSTAL MARKINGS HANOI CHANH-THAU-CUC BUU-TIN 31-12 45

Sports and Youth Use of 50 cents

The wording in the circular date stamp on this cover translates as "Hanoi Central Clearing Bank.



POSTAL MARKINGS HANOI CHANH-THAU-CUC NGAN PHIEU 17-12 45 REVERSE HANOI CHANH-THAU-CUC NGAN PHIEU 17-12 45

Yersin Varieties and Usage

In alternating columns, the alignment between the three rows of the overprint varies. In one case, the "D" in the second row is directly below the "V." In the next stamp over, the "D" is between the "V" and the "I."





POSTAL MARKINGS HANOI CHANH-THAU-CUC NGAN PHIEU 17-12 45

de Rhodes Varieties of Black Overprint on 15 cents



Light Shade



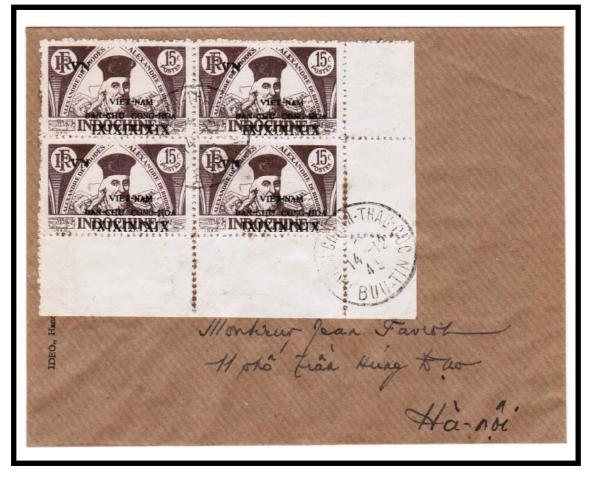
Dark Shade



Yellow Paper



Thin Paper



Overprint Shifted Right

de Rhodes Varieties of Black Overprint on 15 cents



Overprint Shifted Up



Overprint Shifted Down

de Rhodes Varieties of Black Overprint on 15 cents



"Black Box" created by overinked "IE" at upper right.



Overprint Shifted Left



Overprint Shifted Right



Overprint Shifted Down Light Violet-Brown Shade



Overprint Shifted Up Light Violet-Brown Shade



Overprint Shifted Up Dark Violet-Brown Shade

de Rhodes Varieties of Green Overprint on 15 cents



Perforated 11 1/2 x 11 1/2



Ghost Impression



Light Shade



Overprint Shifted Left



Overprinted Shifted Down



Medium Shade



Overprint Centered



Overprinted Shifted Down



Dark Shade



Overprint Shifted Right



Overprinted Shifted Right

de Rhodes Varieties of 30 cents



Ochre Shade



Orange-Brown Shade



Ochre Shade Perforated 13 1/2 x13 1/2



Ochre Shade Perforated 12 x 12



Orange-Brown Shade Perforated 12 x 12



Ochre Shade Overprint Shifted Left



Orange-Brown Shade Double Overprint



Orange-Brown Shade Ghost Overprint



Ochre Shade Inverted Overprint

de Rhodes Varieties of 30 cents



Ochre Shade Overprint Shifted Left



Orange-Brown Shade Heavy Inking, Clipped Bottom Line de Rhodes Postmarks









De Rhodes Usage

Examples of each type of de Rhodes overprint were affixed to this local cover posted on Christmas Day 1946. The overprint on the 30-cent value is shifted noticeably downward.

Benard Richard	ENPERSION CONCELLANCE
<u>18 rue Borgnis Desbordes 18</u> <u>Hanoë</u> Bonkin	DATE OF CONTROL LILIA CALINA TRUCK CRUNKS TRUCK CRUNKS

POSTAL MARKINGS HANOI CHANH-THAU-CUC BUU-TIN 25-1 45

de Rhodes Use of 15 cents

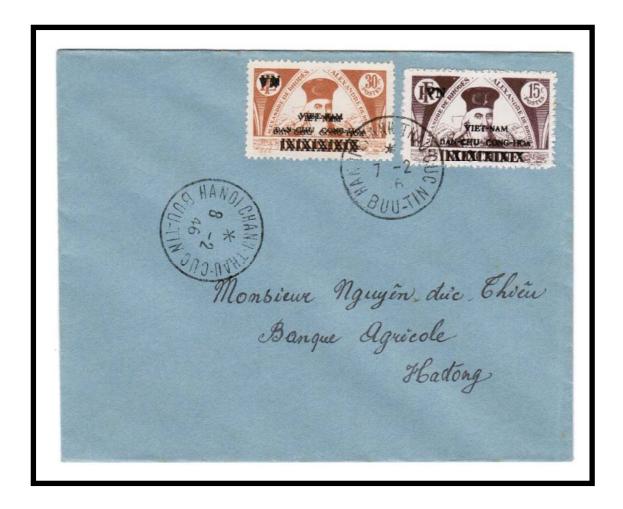
Two examples of both the black and green overprints on the 15-cent value frank this local mailing in 1946.



POSTAL MARKINGS HANOI CHANH-THAU-CUC BUU-TIN 22-1 46 REVERSE HANOI CHANH-THAU-CUC GHI-SE12 23-1 46

De Rhodes Use of 30 cents Variety

The 30-cent value on this cover canceled in 1946 was doubly overprinted.



POSTAL MARKINGS HANOI CHANH-THAU-CUC BUU-TIN 8-2 46 REVERSE HANOI CHANH-THAU-CUC BUU-TIN 7-2 46 VIET-NAM DAN-CHU CONG-HOA BUU-CHINH Democratic Republic of Viet-Nam postage

Rice Farmer



The 25-cent blue rice farmer was the only Paris-printed stamp that was overprinted by the Viet Minh. Two alternating settings (in alternating columns) were used for the top line of the overprint: 18 millimeters and 20 millimeters.



Shifted Overprint



VIET-NAM DAN-CHU CONG-HOA BUU-TIN Democratic Republic of Viet-Nam Postage

Auguste Pavie







Marshall Petain

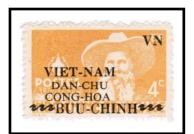








Pavie Varieties



Light Shade



Dark Shade



Perforated 11 1/2 x 11 1/2



Perforated 12 x 12



Light Shade



Dark Shade



Light Overprint



Dark Overprint

Pavie Varieties



Missing "c" after "20" at lower right (position 37)

Petain Varieties



Overprint Shifted Down



Overprint Shifted Right

Petain Varieties



Light Shade



Dark Shade



Perforated 11 1/2 x 12



Perforated 12 x 14



Overprint Shifted Left



Overprint Shifted Right



Light Shade



Medium Shade



Dark Shade

Petain Varieties



White Paper



Yellow Paper



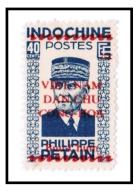
Light Overprint



Medium Overprint



Heavy Overprint Blocked "C" and "B"









Ascending Overprints

Pavie Postmarks









15



Pavie Use of 20 cents

Postage for a mailing from Thai-Binh Province to Gia-Binh in Bac-Ninh Province was paid with an overprinted 20c Pavie stamp and a Garnier stamp revalued to 30 xu. At the origination, the postmark was dated with a handwritten "5 2 49." The 50 xu franking equated to the 5-dong postage rate that was in effect from 1949 through the beginning of 1950. While in route, the mailing received a transit postmark at Hung-Yen.

The cover was created from a form printed in Chinese. A plain piece of paper was pasted on and put to use as a address label.

nii On au -

Pavie Use of 20 cents

A mixture of contemporary Viet Minh stamps franks this local mailing at Hanoi. Evidence of postwar scarcities is demonstrated by this previously addressed cover which had been turned inside out and readdressed in order to be used again.



POSTAL MARKINGS HANOI CHANH-THAU-CUC BUU-TIN 26-246

Petain Use of 6 cents

Five 6-cent Petain stamps in combination with two 30-xu Garnier stamps frank a registered mailing within Hanoi in 1946 cover. Given that 1 xu was equivalent to 1 cent, postage was computed as follows:

internal letter rate	30 xu
registration fee	<u>60 xu</u>
total	90 xu





POSTAL MARKINGS HANOI CHANH THAU CUC BAC BO 10-10 46 REVERSE HANOI CHANH THAU CUC BAC BO 10-10 46 registration label

VINBBOMM IND

Petain Use of 40 cents blue A pair of 40-cent blue Petain stamps combined with a pair of 5-cent de Genouilly stamps to pay the postage for a registered mailing from Hanoi to Haiphong in 1946.

Postage for the mailing was determined as follows:

internal letter rate	30 cents
registration fee	60 cents
total	90 cents

POSTAL MARKINGS HANOI CHANH THAU CUC BAC-BO 5-10 46 registration label REVERSE

HAIPHONG BUU DIEN CUC 7-10 46

Petain Usage

Five different Petain denominations frank a local 1946 cover. For the 1-cent stamp, the Viet Minh had applied a different overprint from the other Petain stamps.



POSTAL MARKINGS HA-NOI TRUNG-UONG BAC-BO 8 11 46 REVERSE HA-NOI TRUNG-UONG BAC-BO 8 11 46 VIET-NAM DAN-CHU CONG-HOA DOC-LAP TU-DO HANH-PHUC BUU-CHINH Democratic Republic of Viet-Nam Independence, Freedom, Happiness Postage

Doudart de Lagree



VIET-NAM DAN-CHU CONG-HOA DOC-LAP TU-DO HANH-PHUC Democratic Republic of Viet-Nam Independence, Freedom, Happiness

Admiral Andre A. P. Courbet





de Lagree Varieties

Stamp Shades











Transferred Overprint



Partial Overprint at Right

F Overprint Shades



Light Overprint



Dark Overprint

Admiral Courbet Varieties

Stamp Shades









Perforations



Perforated 12



Perforated 11 1/2

de Lagree and Courbet Postmarks

















VIET-NAM DOC-LAP TU-DO HANH-PHUC BUU-CHINH Viet-Nam Independence, Freedom, Happiness Postage

Admiral L. V. J. Charner







Admiral Rigault de Genouilly





Governor General Paul Doumer

Marshall Petain









Charner Varieties



Light Shade



Dark Shade



Overprint Shifted Up

Postmarks









de Genouilly Varieties



Light Shade



Overprint Shifted Left



Bottom of "BUU-CHINH" Missing



Dark Shade



Overprint Shifted Up



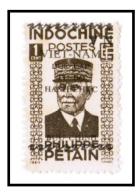
Bottom of "BUU-CHINH" Missing

Postmarks





Petain Varieties



Overprint Shifted Up



Overprint Shifted Left



Ghost Impression



Light Shade



Medium Shade



Dark Shade





Doumer Varieties



Light Impression



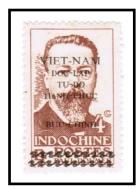
Dark Impression



Overprint Transfer



Perforated 11 ½ x 11 ½



Perforated 12 x 12



Heavy Inking Blocked "B" and "H"



Light Shade



Dark Shade



Double Overprint

Doumer Inverted Line Varieties

In position 48 of each overprinted sheet of fifty Doumer stamps, the fifth line of the overprint, "HANH-PHUC," was inverted. Position 48 is the lower left stamp in these blocks of six.



VIET-NAM DOC-LAP TU-DO DNHd-HNVH

VIET-NAM DOC-LAP TU-DO HANH-PHUC

Inverted

Normal

Doumer Inverted Line Varieties







Charner

Usage All three denominations of the overprinted Charner stamps were affixed to this registered local cover posted at Hanoi in 1946.

POSTAL MARKINGS HANOI R.P. TONKIN 23-1 46 registration label

Charner Usage

This local cover from December 1946 illustrates the wide variety of propaganda markings used by the Viet Minh.





POSTAL MARKINGS HANOI CHANH-THAU-CUC BAC-BO 18-12 46 various propaganda markings

de Genouilly Use of 5 cents

Here a block of four stamps was favor cancelled with the date stamp from Hanoi's central post office.



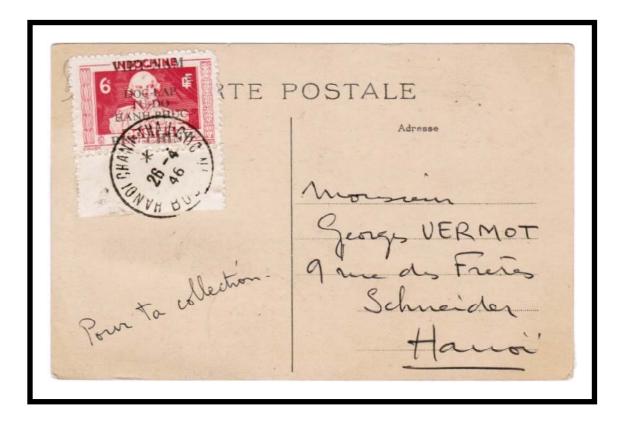


POSTAL MARKINGS HANOI CHANH-THAU-CUC BUU-TIN 29-6 46

de Genouilly Use of 6 cents

A sender mailed a postcard locally with a handwritten note that translates "For your collection." The postcard was franked with a 6-cent de Genouilly stamp on the address side and a 4-cent Pavie stamp on the picture side.





POSTAL MARKINGS HANOI CHANH-THAU-CUC BUU-TIN 26-4 46 REVERSE HANOI CHANH-THAU-CUC BUU-TIN 26-4 46

de Genouilly Usage

Both of the overprinted 5 and 6-cent de Genouilly values were used on a 1946 mailing from Hanoi. It is unlikely that the letter ever reached France.





New value in dongs with "X's"

Coronation of King Norodom Sihanouk







New value in dongs with wavy lines and bars

King Norodom Sihanouk





Sihanouk Varieties



Broken wavy line



Light Shade



Dark Shade

VIET-NAM DAN-CHU CONG-HOA Democratic Republic of Viet-Nam with new value in dongs

Festival of Nam Giao





Governor General Pierre Pasquier



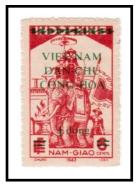


Democratic Republic of Viet-Nam Varieties

Nam Giao



Spot on Blanket



Eye Patch

Pasquier



Perforated 11.5







VIET-NAM DAN-CHU CONG-HOA BUU-CHINH Democratic Republic of Viet-Nam Postage with new value in dongs

Lieutenant M. J. Francois Garnier





Doudart de Lagree





Democratic Republic of Viet-Nam Postage Varieties

Garnier



Perforated 11.5



Overprint Shifted Down



Light Shade

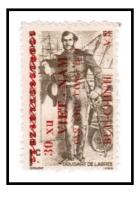


Medium Shade

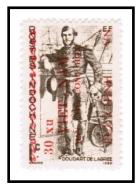


Dark Shade

de Lagree



Light Shade



Dark Shade

Garnier Use of 30 xu

A revalued 30-xu Garnier stamp was used for a local mailing from Dong-Ha to Quangngai.



POSTMARK TYPE: VN1 PERIOD OF USE: 1945-46



POSTAL MARKINGS DONG-HA BUU-DIEN-CUC 19-1 47

Garnier Use of 30 xu

Three revalued 30-xu Garnier stamps franked a registered mailing from Thai-Binh to Hanoi in October 1946. Postage was calculated as follows:

internal letter rate	30 xu
registration fee	<u>60 xu</u>
total	90 xu





POSTAL MARKINGS THAI-BINH BUU DIEN CUC 1-10 46 registration label VIET-NAM DAN-CHU CONG-HOA BUU-CHINH Democratic Republic of Viet-Nam Postage with new value in dongs

Governor General J. M. A. de l'Anessan





Governor General Joost van Vollenhoven





Admiral Pierre de la Grandiere





Democratic Republic of Viet-Nam Postage Varieties

de l'Anessan



Light Shade



Dark Shade

de la Grandiere



Perforated 13.5 x 12



Paper Fold

La Grandiere Use of 1 dong

A revalued La Grandiere stamp was used on a cover handcrafted from notebook paper. The cover was likely found when a mail courier was captured by the French military in 1950. As intelligence information, it should have been destroyed. Apparently, it was saved as a souvenir.



POSTAL MARKINGS TAINGUYEN BUU-DIEN-CUC 29-6 50 BAN-GIIAO-THONG HAI-PHONG VIET-NAM DAN-CHU CONG-HOA CUU-DOI Democratic Republic of Viet-Nam Famine Relief with new value in piasters

Cathedral of Orleans





VIET-NAM DAN-CHU CONG-HOA BINH-SI BI-NAN Democratic Republic of Viet-Nam War Causalities with new value in piasters

Cathedral of Orleans



Cathedral of Orleans Varieties



VILLE

RTYR

Light Shade



Dark Shade

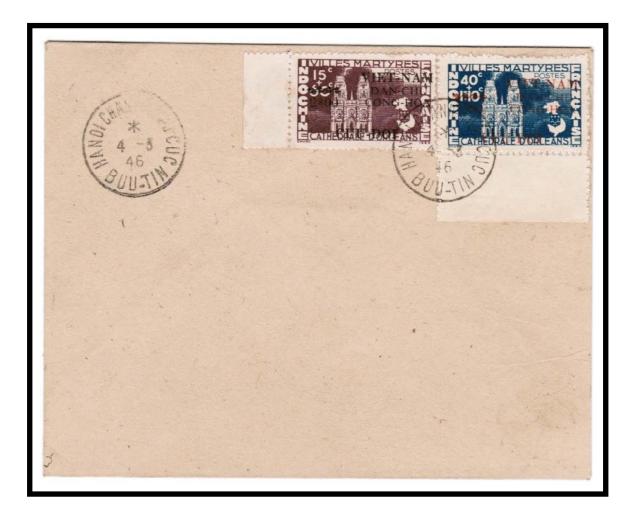
Ghost Impression



Overprint Transfer

Cathedral of Orleans Usage

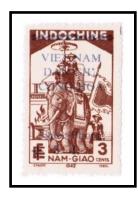
In 1946, both revalued semi-postal stamps were favor canceled on this unaddressed cover.



POSTAL MARKINGS HANOI CHANH-THAU-CUC BUU-TIN 4-346 VIET-NAM DAN-CHU CONG-HOA Democratic Republic of Viet-Nam plus various slogans

QUOC-PHONG National Defense

Festival of Nam Giao





DAN SINH Mass Help

Empress Nam Phoung Emperor Bao Dai







Partial period after "3 d" (bottom row, second stamp from right, position 42) No period after "3 d" (bottom row, third stamp from right, position 43)





Last line of overprint with hyphen in "DAN-SINH" (position 50)

DAN-SINH

VIET-NAM DAN-CHU CONG-HOA Democratic Republic of Viet-Nam plus various slogans

BINH-SI BI NAN War Casualities

Bishop of Adran



CHONG NAN MU CHU Capaign against Illiteracy

Saigon Fair



BAO-ANH Child Welfare

Alexandre Yersin



DOI SONG MOI New Life Movement

National Revoltion



Overprint Varieties



Missing hyphen in "VIET NAM" (Left Stamp) VIET NAM



Dot instead of hyphen in "Bao-Anh" Top Left and Bottom Right

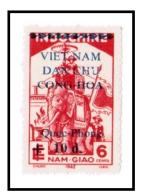
Bao Anh



Missing hyphen in "Bao-Anh" Bottom Right

Bao Anh

Slogan overprint varieties

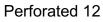


Rider with wide waistband



Elephant with eye patch (right stamp)







Perforated 14



Missing period after "3 d"

Postmarks







de l'Anessan





TOURANE BUU.DIEN.CUC Favor Cancels

The TOURANE BUU.DIEN.CUC postmark was frequently used to favor cancel Viet-Minh stamps and postal items.











HANOI CHANH-THAU-CUC BUU-TIN Favor Cancels



Postmarks Luang-Prabang, Laos















Ho Chi Minh

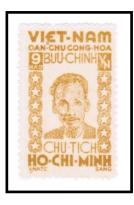
The first new definitive stamps honored Ho Chi Minh, who was proclaimed president of the Democratic republic of Vietnam after the general election of 6 January 1946. The series, issued on 10 May, included two semi-postal stamps for support of the national defense effort.



1 hao



3 hao



9 hao



4 hao + 6 hao



6 hao + 9 hao

Ho Chi Minh Varieties



Light Shade



Medium Shade



Dark Shade



Light Shade



Dark Shade

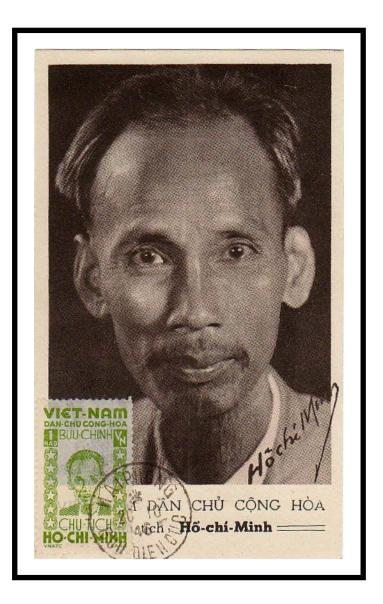


Broken "9"

Ho Chi Minh Use of 1 hao on Maximum Card

The image on this postcard appears to be identical to that on the stamp making the item a "maximum card." A postmark reading "HAIPHONG BUU DIEN CUC 20 10 46 ties the stamp to the card.

"Ho Chi Minh" is scrawled at the lower right of the card. Ho went by several names during his lifetime. In an case, the signature was a part of the printing on the card.



POSTAL MARKINGS HAIPHONG BUU DIEN CUC 20 10 46

Ho Chi Minh Use of 1 hao and 3 hao

Ho Chi Minh stamps totaling 5 hao frank the reverse of an envelope fashioned by hand from crude paper. Postmarked at Vinh-Yen, the envelope was addressed to Namdinh.



POSTAL MARKINGS VINH YEN BUU-DIEN-CUC 18-5 46 (?)

Ho Chi Minh Use of 4 hao + 6 hao

Posted from Thai-Nguyen in 1950, this cover bears the cachet of one of the revolutionary organizations. It translates as follows:

UY-BAN KHANG-CHIEN HANH-CHINH = The Resistance and Administration Committee LIEN-KHU VIET- BAC = Viet-Bac Joint Section TRUONG KHANG CHIEN HANH CHINH = Resistance and Administration School





POSTAL MARKINGS THAI-NGUYEN BUU-DIEN-CUC 25-1 50 REVERSE THAI-NGUYEN BUU-DIEN-CUC 25-1 50

Ho Chi Minh Usage

All five values of the Ho Chi Minh series were used on this local cover in 1946.



POSTAL MARKINGS TOURANE BUU DIEN_CUC 10-11 46

Ho Chi Minh Independence Anniversary Usage

All five Ho Chi Minh stamps were affixed to this commemorative cover marking the first anniversary of Indochina's proclaimed independence on 2 September 1946. A pictorial postmark, struck with red ink, canceled the stamps.



POSTAL MARKINGS HA-NOI TONKIN 2-9 1946 NAM NGAY THANH LA P NUOC VIET-NAM D.C.C.H HA-NOI REVERSE HA-NOI TONKIN 2-9 1946 NAM NGAY THANH LA P NUOC VIET-NAM D.C.C.H HA-NOI

NGA-KHE Overprints

The postmaster at Nga-Khe misinterpreted instructions about efforts to overprint contemporary stamps and took it upon himself to overprint the Vichy era commemorative stamps. When the central government learned about the overprinted stamps, the postmaster was ordered to cancel them.

In the genuine overprint, the capital "A" appears as a triangle. In the genuine postmark, a hyphen appears in "NGA-KHE."

VIÊT-NAM DÂN-CHỦ CỘNG-HỎA













NGA-KHE Overprints Fakes

Both the overprint and the postmark of the Nga-Khe stamps were faked. In the fake overprint, the letter "A" in "DAN" and "HOA" have a crossbar at middle height, which is distinctly different from the genuine overprint. Unlike the genuine postmark, the fake postmark lacks a hyphen in "NGA KHE."

VIỆT - NAM DÂN-CHỦ CỌNG-HỎA













Nga-Khe Overprints Use of Fakes

Two of the fake Nga-Khe overprints were employed on this 26 July 1946 cover. It is evident that the stamps, including the 20-cent Pavie stamp, which lacks any overprint, had been favor canceled prior to being affixed to the envelope. The sock-on-the-nose postmarks lack the hyphen in "NGA KHE," which the genuine postmark possesses.





POSTAL MARKINGS BUU CUC LIEN KHU II NGA KHE 26.7.46 REVERSE BUU CUC LIEN KHU II NGA KHE 27.7.46

Independence Day Overprints

To celebrate the Proclamation of independence on 2 September 1945, commemorative stamps were overprinted "Chỉ dùng trong ngày ĐỘC LẬP" in red, blue or black. Money raised from the sale of these stamps was designated for hunger relief. Alas, all of this was a scam to separate collectors from their money.

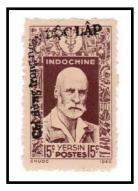














Independence Day Overprints Usage

To celebrate the proclamation of independence on 2 September 1945, commemorative stamps were overprinted "Chỉ dùng trong ngày ĐỘC LẬP" in various colors. Money raised from the sale of these stamps was designated for hunger relief. The inscription on the envelope reads "Greetings to Independence Day."



POSTAL MARKINGS HA-NOI TONKIN 2-9 1945 NAM-DINH TONKIN 5-9 1945 REVERSE HA-NOI TONKIN 3-9 1945 NAM-DINH TONKIN 5-9 1945

Central Vietnam LK 4 Overprints

Regions outside Hanoi were divided into numbered administrative zones. Lien Khu 4 extended roughly from just south of Hanoi as far as Da-Nang. Officials overprinted stamps for their individual areas.



Red Overprint



Red-Brown Overprint



Black Overprint



Original Black Overprint Shifted Down



Blue Overprint



Green Overprint



Blue Overprint

Central Vietnam Fake LK 4 Overprint

With this example, the ink is pink and bled into the paper resulting in a blurry overprint.



Central Vietnam LK 4 Overprints

Norodom Sihanouk



Hand-Applied Overprint in Red

President Ho Chi Minh





Small Text





Plain "5"





Ball on Tail of "5"

Central Vietnam Zone LK 4 Ho Chi Minh Overprints Independence Anniversary Usage

Three copies of the Ho Chi Minh stamp overprinted for Zone 4 were employed on this cover that commemorated the second anniversary of Vietnam's independence proclaimed on 2 September 1945.



POSTAL MARKINGS BU'U DIÊN LIÊN KHU 4 2-9 1947 2-9 1945-1947 BU'U DIÊN LIÊN KHU 4 REVERSE BU'U DIÊN LIÊN KHU 4 2-9 1947 2-9 1945-1947 BU'U DIÊN LIÊN KHU 4

Central Vietnam Revalued Zone LK 4 Overprints Usage

Although the stamps on this cover had been overprinted with "LK 4," the letter was posted from Quang-Ngai in Zone 5 as indicated by the "LK V" in the postmark.



POSTAL MARKINGS BUU CUC LK V QUANG-NGAI 2-10 1951 REVERSE BUU CUC LK V QUANG-NGAI 2-10 1951

Central Vietnam LK 5 Overprints

Zone LK 5 used overprints of a completely different style. The original denomination was obliterated and a new value was a part of the overprint.



